HARDING · LOEVNER®

Global Equity Portfolio
Institutional Class HLMVX

Summary Prospectus
December 31, 2011, as amended January 4, 2012

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's prospectus and other information about the Fund online at www.hardingloevnerfunds.com/how_to_invest.html. You can also get this information at not cost by calling (877) 435-8105 or by sending an e-mail request to hardingloevnerfunds@ntrs.com. If you purchase shares of the Fund through a financial intermediary, the prospectus and other information will also be available from our financial intermediary. The current prospectus and statement of additional information, dated December 31, 2011, as amended January 4, 2012, are incorporated into this summary prospectus and may be obtained, free of charge, at the website, phone number or e-mail address noted above.

Investment Objective

The Global Equity Portfolio (the "Portfolio") seeks long-term capital appreciation through investments in equity securities of companies based both inside and outside the United States.

Portfolio Fees and Expenses

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Institutional Class of the Portfolio. There is no sales charge imposed on purchases of shares.

Shareholder Fees *(fees paid directly from your investment)*	Institutional Class
Redemption Fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed within 90 days or less from the date of purchase)	2.00%
Annual Portfolio Operating Expenses[1] *(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)*	**Institutional Class**
Management Fees	0.95%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses	0.16%
Total Annual Portfolio Operating Expenses	**1.11%**
Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement[2]	-0.16%
Total Annual Portfolio Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement[1]	**0.95%**

[1]Expense information in this table has been restated to reflect current fees. Therefore, the expenses in this table will not correlate to the expenses shown in the Financial Highlights of the Portfolio.
[2]Harding Loevner LP has contractually agreed to waive a portion of its management fee and/or reimburse the Portfolio for its other operating expenses to the extent Total Annual Portfolio Operating Expenses, as a percentage of average daily net assets, exceed 0.95% through December 31, 2012.

- **Example**: This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Institutional Class of the Portfolio with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest $10,000 in the Institutional Class of the Portfolio for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Institutional Class's operating expenses remain the same, except that the example assumes that the fee waiver and expense reimbursement agreement pertains only through December 31, 2012. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
$97	$337	$596	$1,337

Portfolio Turnover

The Portfolio pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Portfolio shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual portfolio operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Portfolio's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Portfolio's portfolio turnover rate was 40% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Portfolio invests in companies based in the U.S. and other developed markets, as well as in emerging and frontier markets. Harding Loevner LP ("Harding Loevner"), the Portfolio's investment adviser, undertakes fundamental research in an effort to identify companies that are well managed, financially sound, fast growing and strongly competitive, and whose shares are under-priced relative to their intrinsic value. To reduce its volatility, the Portfolio is diversified across dimensions of geography, industry, currency and market capitalization. The Portfolio normally holds 35-75 investments across at least 15 countries.

The Portfolio will normally invest broadly in equity securities of companies domiciled in the following countries and regions: (1) Europe; (2) the Pacific Rim; (3) the United States, Canada and Mexico; and (4) countries with emerging or frontier markets. At least 65% of total assets will be denominated in at least three currencies, which may include the U.S. dollar. For purposes of compliance with this restriction, American Depositary Receipts, Global Depositary Receipts, and European Depositary Receipts (collectively, "Depositary Receipts"), will be considered to be denominated in the currency of the country where the securities underlying the Depositary Receipts are traded.

The Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in common stocks, preferred stock, rights and warrants issued by companies that are based both inside and outside the United States, securities convertible into such securities (including Depositary Receipts), and investment companies that invest in the types of securities in which the Portfolio would normally invest. This strategy is not fundamental, but should the Portfolio decide to change this strategy, it will provide shareholders with at least 60 days' prior written notice.

Principal Risks

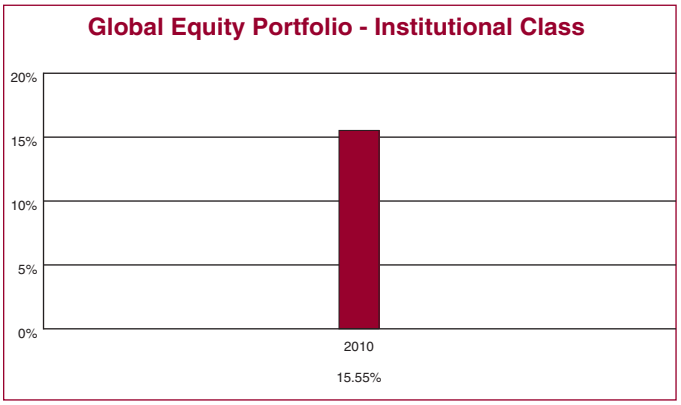
The Portfolio is subject to numerous risks, any of which could cause an investor to lose money. The principal risks of the Portfolio are as follows:

- **Market Risk**: Investments in the Portfolio may lose value due to a general downturn in stock markets.
- **Currency Risk**: Foreign currencies may experience steady or sudden devaluation relative to the U.S. dollar, adversely affecting the value of the Portfolio's investments. Because the Portfolio's net asset value is determined on the basis of U.S. dollars, if the local currency of a foreign market depreciates against the U.S. dollar, you may lose money even if the foreign market prices of the Portfolio's holdings rise.
- **Foreign Investment Risk**: Securities issued by foreign entities involve risks not associated with U.S. investments. These risks include additional taxation, political, economic, social or diplomatic instability, and the above-mentioned possibility of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. There may also be less publicly-available information about a foreign issuer.
- **Emerging and Frontier Market Risk**: Emerging and frontier market securities involve unique risks, such as exposure to economies less diverse and mature than that of the U.S. or more established foreign markets. Economic or political instability may cause larger price changes in emerging or frontier market securities than in securities of issuers based in more developed foreign countries.
- **Small- and Mid-Capitalization Risk**: The securities of smaller and medium-sized companies have historically exhibited more volatility with a lower degree of liquidity than larger companies.

Portfolio Performance

The bar chart below shows how the Portfolio's investment results have varied from year to year. The table that follows shows how the Portfolio's Institutional Class average annual total returns compare with a broad measure of market performance. Both assume that all dividends and distributions were reinvested in the Institutional Class of the Portfolio. Together, these provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Portfolio. How the Institutional Class of the Portfolio has performed in the past (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how it will perform in the future.

Updated Portfolio performance information is available at www.hardingloevnerfunds.com or by calling (877) 435-8105.



The best calendar quarter return during the period shown above was 13.51% in the 3rd quarter of 2010; the worst was -11.03% in the 2nd quarter of 2010. The year-to-date performance through September 30, 2011 was -13.15%.

Average Annual Total Returns
(for the periods ended December 31, 2010)

	1-Year	Since Inception 11/03/09
Global Equity Portfolio - Institutional Class		
Return Before Taxes	15.55%	18.00%
Return After Taxes on Distributions[1]	15.24%	17.73%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Portfolio Shares[1]	10.16%	15.22%
MSCI All Country World Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	12.67%	16.61%
Lipper Global Fund Index	13.37%	17.19%

[1]After-tax returns in the table above are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. In some cases, the return after taxes may exceed the return before taxes due to an assumed tax benefit from any losses on a sale of fund shares at the end of the measurement period. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Portfolio shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or Individual Retirement Accounts.

Management

Investment Adviser.
Harding Loevner serves as investment adviser to the Portfolio.

Portfolio Managers.
Ferrill Roll, Peter J. Baughan and Alexander T. Walsh serve as the portfolio managers of the Global Equity Portfolio. Mr. Roll has held his position since January 2001, Mr. Baughan has held his position since February 2003, and Mr. Walsh has held his position since October 2008. Messrs. Roll and Baughan are the lead portfolio managers.

Purchase and Sale of Portfolio Shares

The minimum initial investment in the Portfolio is $100,000. Additional purchases may be for any amount. You may purchase or redeem (sell) shares of the Portfolio on any business day through certain authorized brokers and other financial intermediaries or directly from the Portfolio by mail, telephone or wire.

Tax Considerations

The Portfolio's distributions are generally taxable to you as ordinary income, capital gains, or a combination of the two, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account.

Payments to Brokers-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase Portfolio shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Portfolio and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Portfolio shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Portfolio over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.